

Pharmacodynamic evaluation of the intracellular activity of tobramycin, doripenem, levofloxacin, and colistin towards *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (PAO1) after phagocytosis by human THP-1 macrophages.

J. BUYCK, P.M. TULKENS, F. VAN BAMBEKE

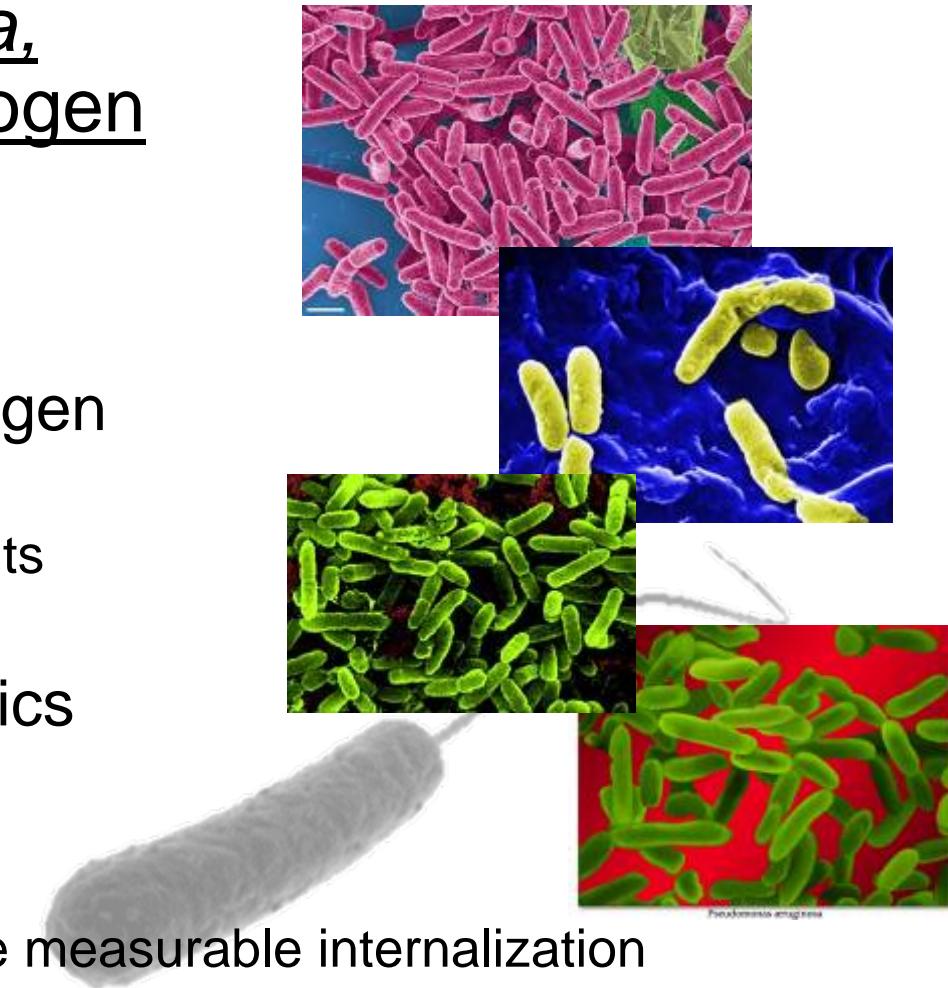
Pharmacologie cellulaire et moléculaire
Louvain Drug Research Institute
Université catholique de Louvain, Brussels, Belgium

www.facm.ucl.ac.be



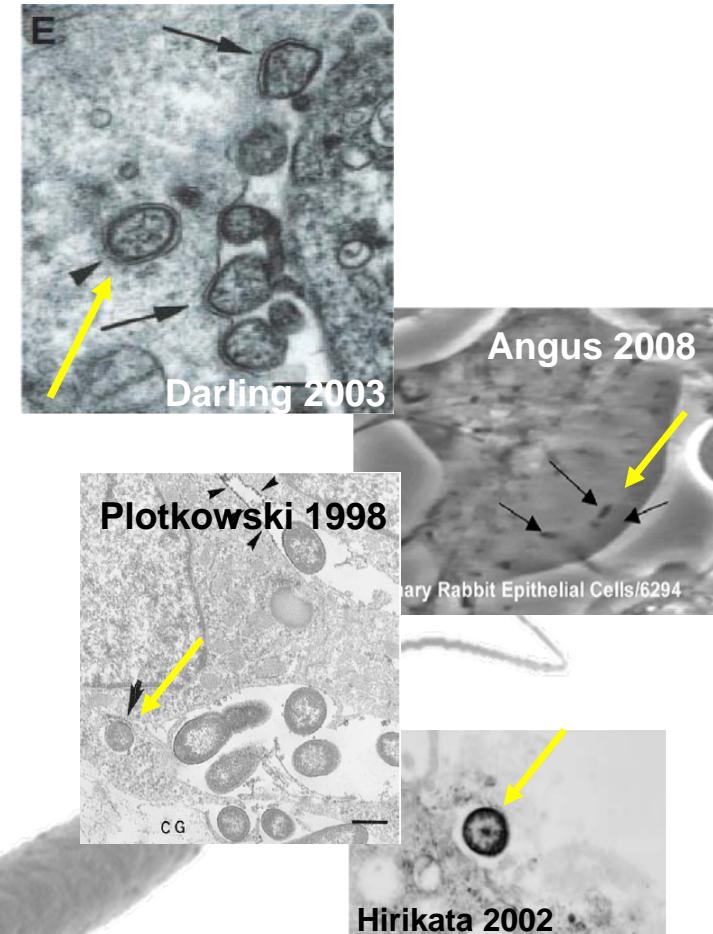
Introduction (1/2)

- *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, an important human pathogen
 - Gram-negative bacillus
 - Opportunistic human pathogen
 - respiratory system infections
 - chronic infection in CF patients
 - (multi)resistance to antibiotics
 - Intracellular survival
 - ~ 50% of strains demonstrate measurable internalization
(Engel, 2003)



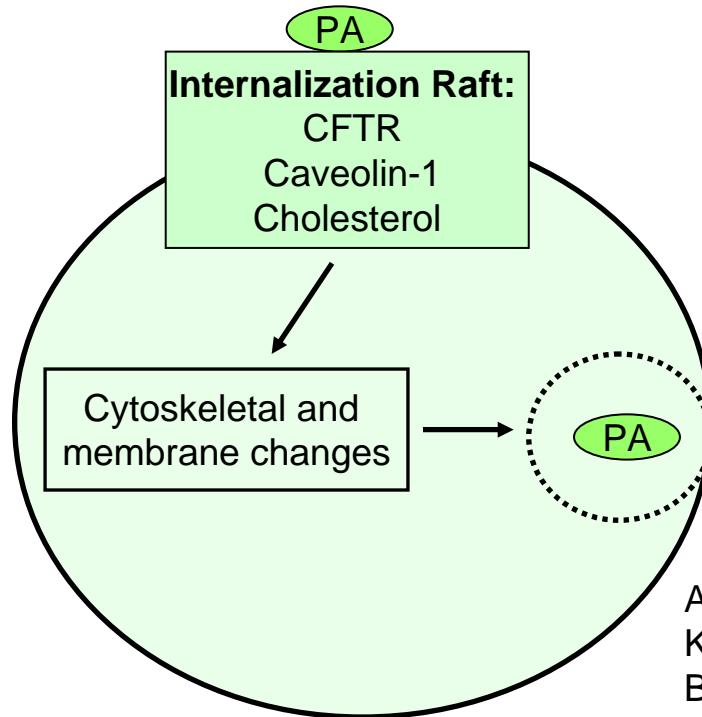
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Introduction (2/2)

- Current view of the internalization pathway



Adapted from:
Kannan et al., 2008
Bajmoczi et al., 2009

- Potential role for intracellular reservoir ?
May constitute a source for chronic infection

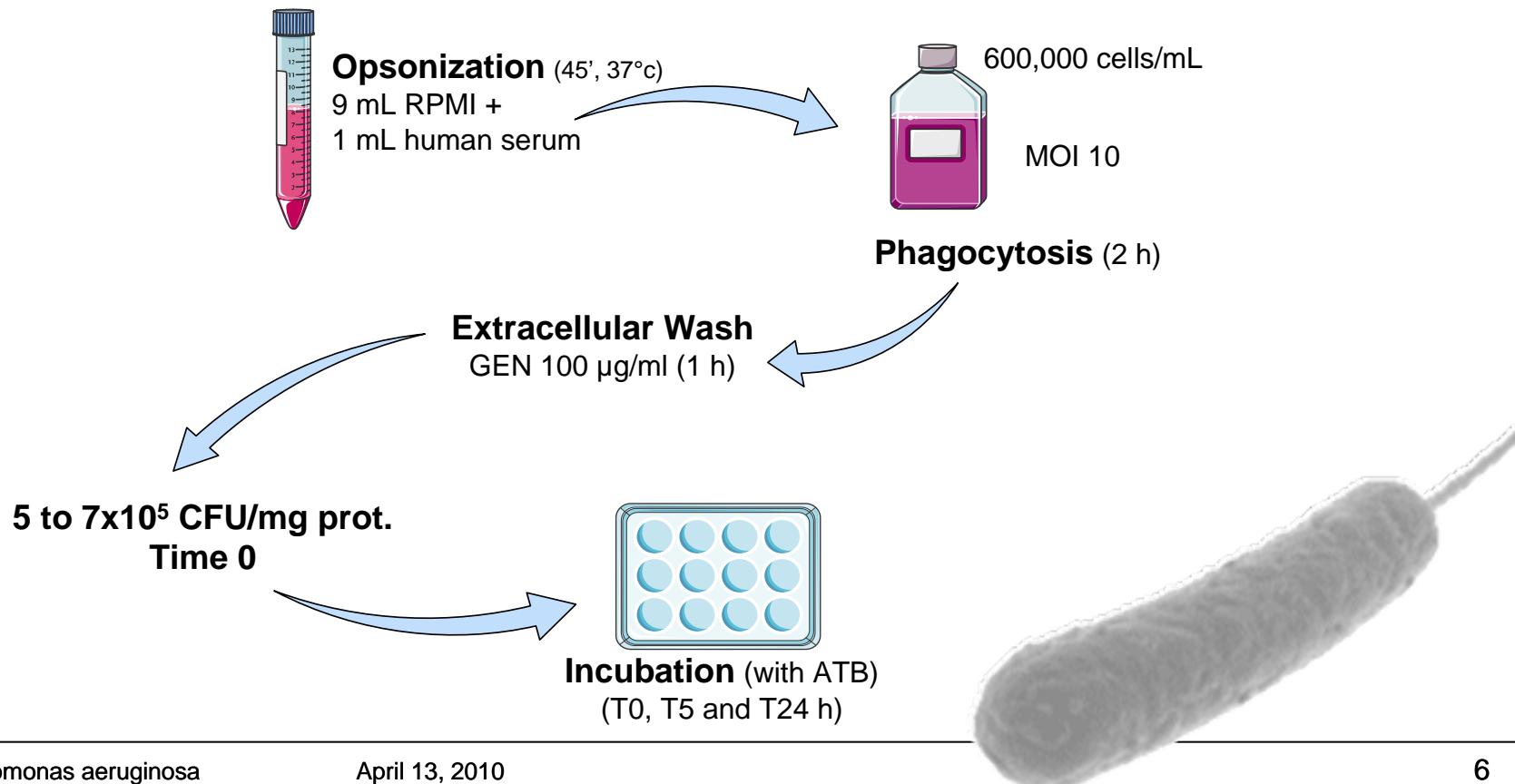
Aims of the study

- To develop a model of intracellular infection by *P. aeruginosa* over a 24 h period to allow intracellular growth
- To study in this model the activity of antibiotics representative of the main classes currently used in the clinics
- To compare pertinent pharmacological descriptors of antibiotic activity (maximal efficacy, relative potency) against both extracellular and intracellular forms of *P. aeruginosa*

Experimental procedure

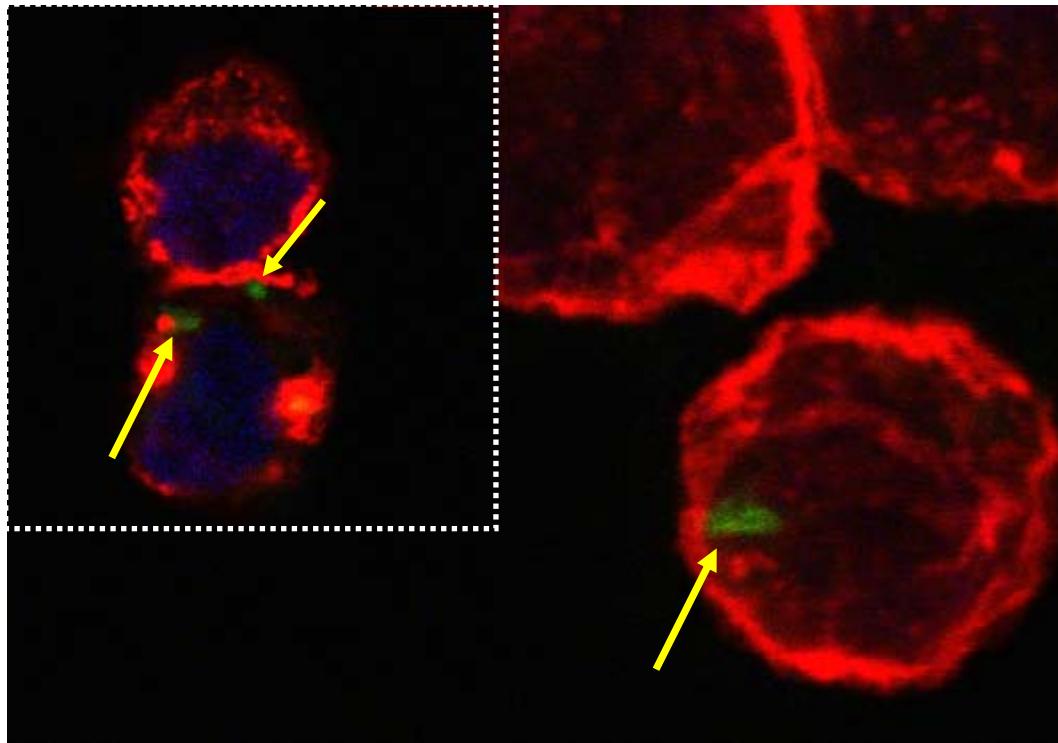
- Model:

- THP-1 cells: Human acute monocytic leukemia cell line
- PAO1 strain



Setting-up the model

- Intracellular localisation of PA:
 - Confocal imaging



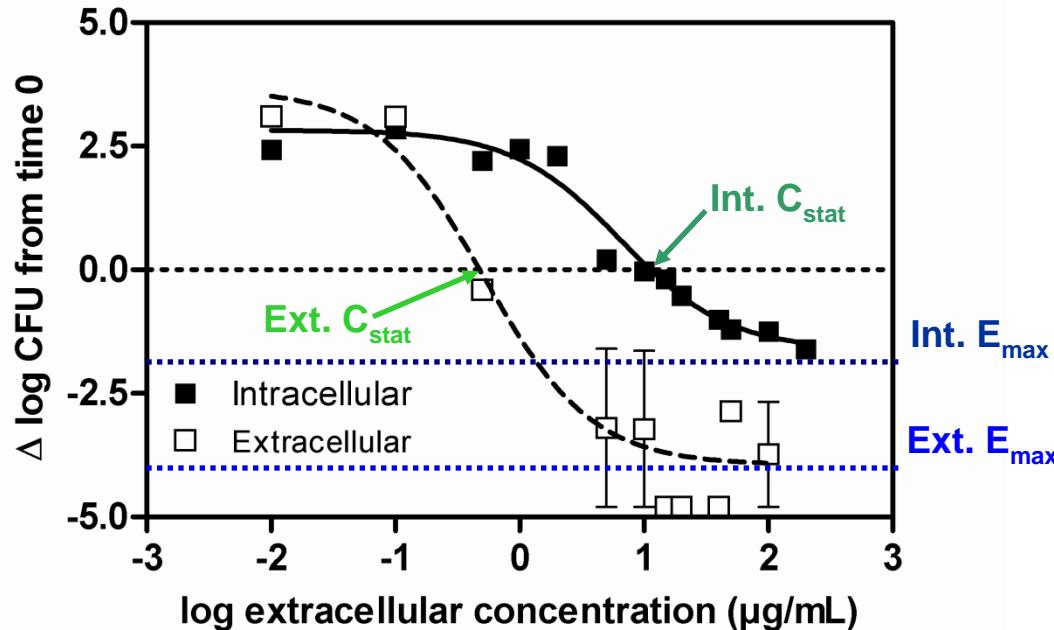
Blue: **nucleus** staining by TO-PRO 3,

Red: **actin** staining by Rhodamin-phalloïdin,

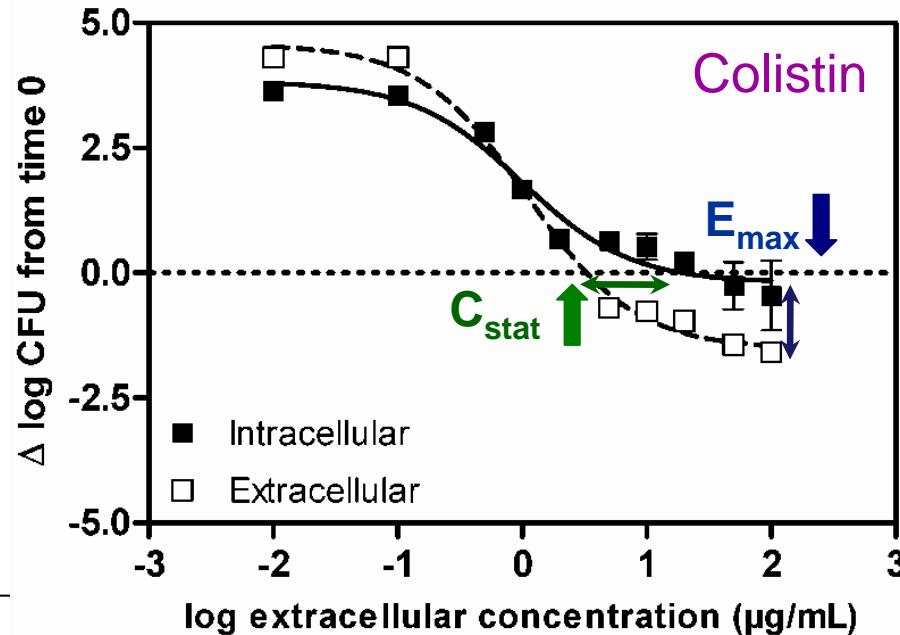
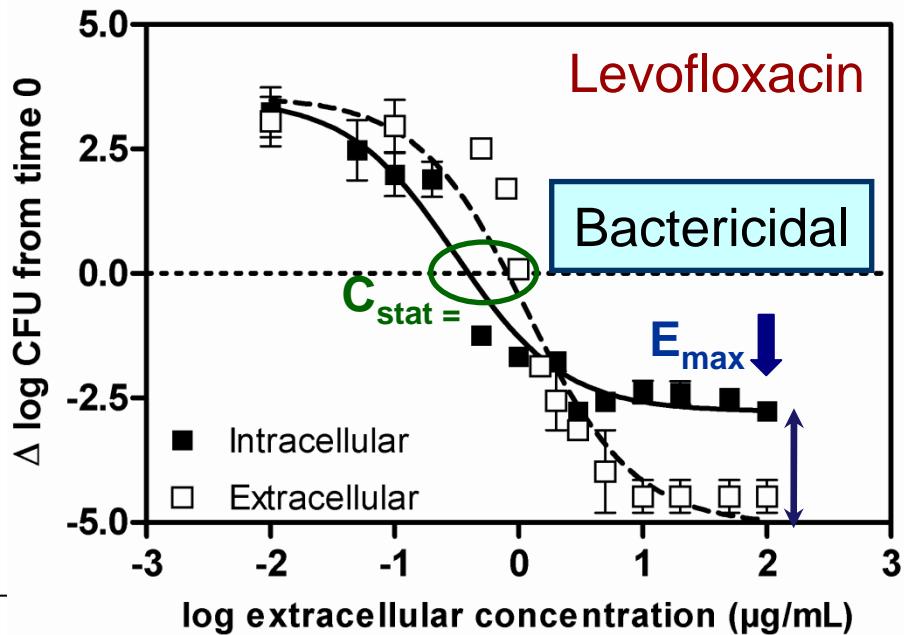
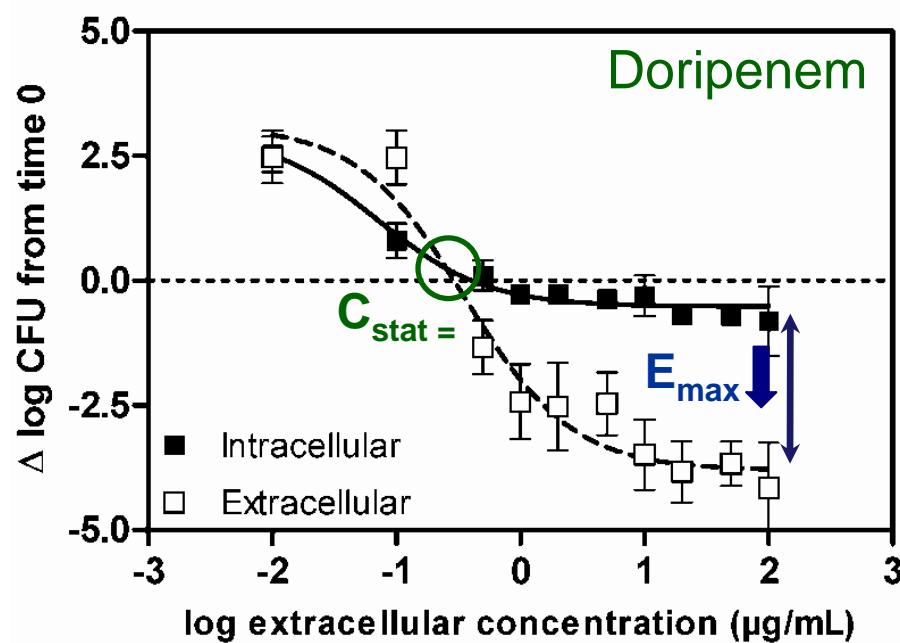
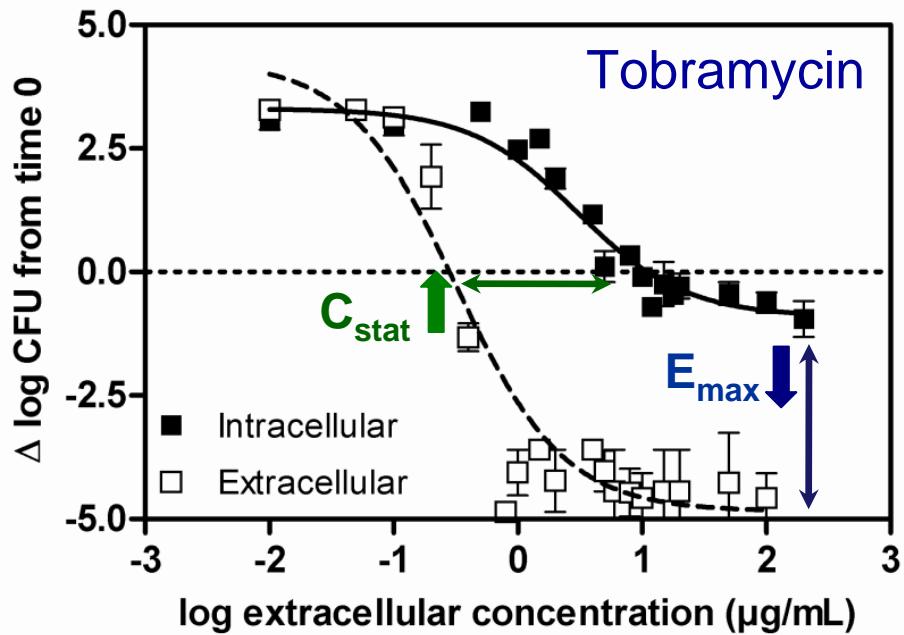
Green: **Pseudomonas** specific staining by a FITC-labeled antibody

Results

- Definition of pharmacodynamic parameters:
 - Gentamicin as an example

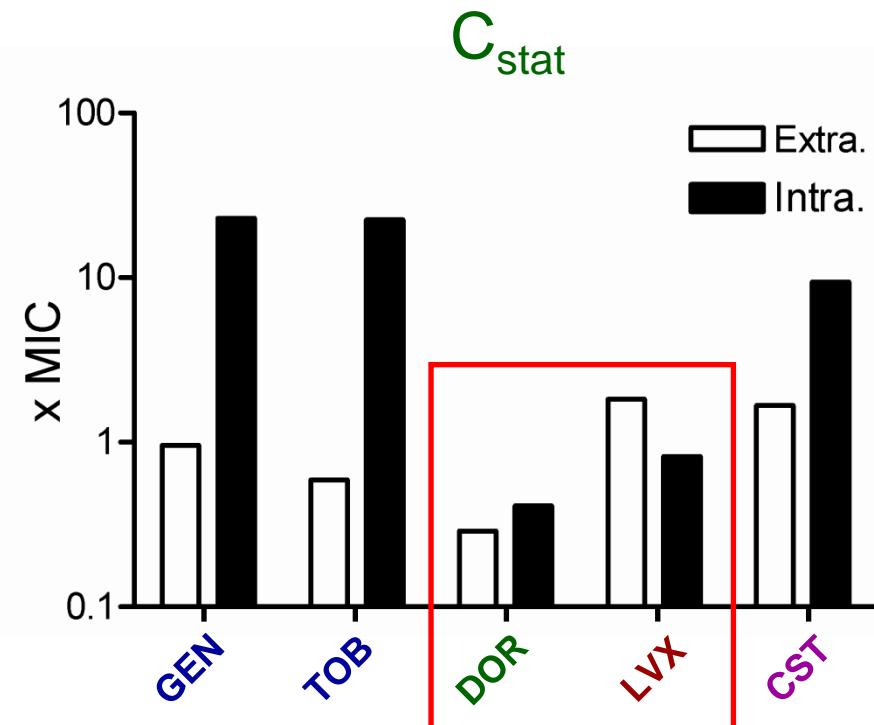
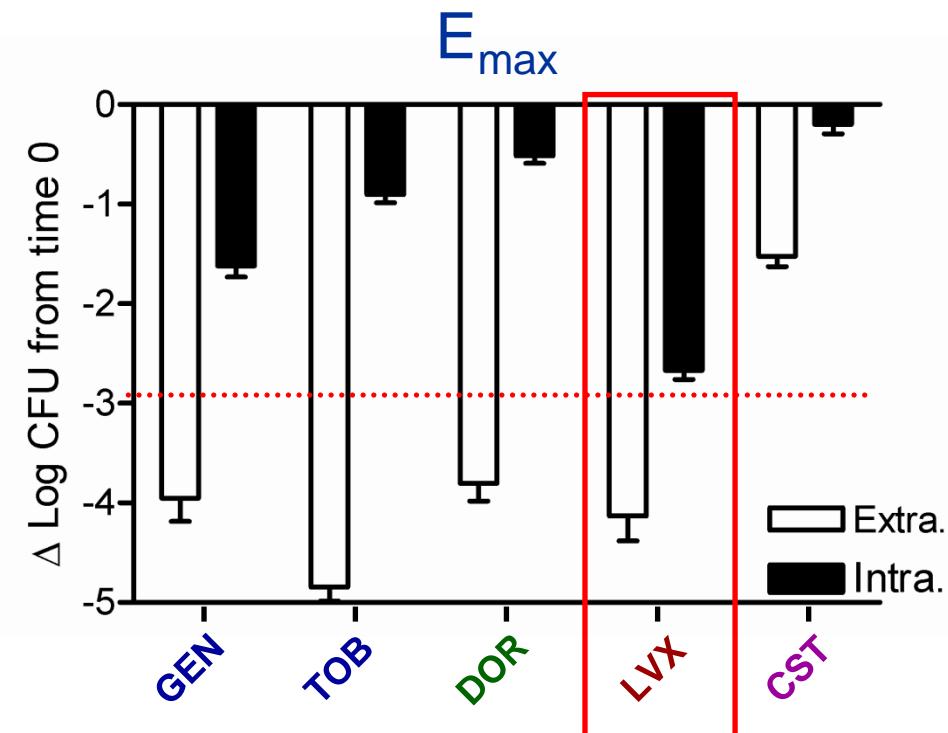


	MIC	E_{\max}	$C_{\text{static}} (\times \text{MIC})$
Extracellular	0.5	-3.95 ± 0.41	0.96
Intracellular	-	-1.62 ± 0.19	22.95



Summary

- Intracellular *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*



- ✓ $E_{\text{max}} \downarrow$ for all antibiotics
- ✓ $C_{\text{stat}} \uparrow$ for GEN, TOB and CST; ~ for DOR, LVX

Conclusion

- *P. aeruginosa* is able to invade and survive within human THP-1 cells
- All antibiotics tested show reduced efficacy but to different extents
- This lower activity may contribute to persistence or recurrence of infection.
- Fluoroquinolones seem of interest for further investigation

Acknowledgments

- Financial support:



- FACM Team:



Acknowledgments

